



ABSTRACT CATEGORIES

CATEGORY

DESCRIPTION

1 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND ROBOTICS

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| 1.1 Artificial intelligence and machine learning | Use of artificial intelligence and machine learning in healthcare. |
| 1.2 Robotics | Use of robotics in healthcare. |
| 1.3 Personalised medicine | Technologies for personalised medicine. |

2 TECHNOLOGY CHANGING PAEDIATRIC CARE & CLINICAL PRACTICE

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|--------------------------------|--|
| 2.1 Active implantable devices | Devices powered by implants or partial implants that are left in the human body. |
| 2.2 In-vitro diagnostics | Tests performed on samples that have been taken from the human body. |
| 2.3 Sensor technology | Use of sensor technology in healthcare. |

Continued overleaf

CATEGORY

DESCRIPTION

2.4 Virtual and augmented reality

Virtual and augmented reality used for medical purposes, including gamification.

2.5 Medical imaging and diagnostics

Technologies used for medical imaging and diagnostics.

2.6 Assistive technology

Devices or systems that support a person to maintain or improve their independence, safety, and wellbeing.

2.7 3D printing

Medical devices produced by 3D printing.

3 DIGITAL HEALTH

3.1 mHealth

Remote monitoring and early warning systems using mobile applications, digital platforms, and/or wearables.

3.2 Telehealth

Use of telecommunications and virtual technology to deliver health care outside of traditional healthcare settings.

3.3 E-prescribing

Use of digital platforms to monitor and dispense medication.

4 MIND-BODY INTEGRATION

4.1 Technology for mental health of children with long-term conditions

Mental health technologies that specifically consider children and young people with long-term conditions.

4.2 The whole child: considering mental & physical health

Approaches to Child Health Technology development that consider both the mental and physical health of children and young people in unison.

4.3 Whole family mental health

Approaches to Child Health Technology development that consider the mental health of the whole family.

4.4 Other considerations of Mind-Body Integration in Child Health

Other Child Health technologies, devices and systems that consider mental health and physical health as interlinked.

CATEGORY

DESCRIPTION

5 INCLUSION AND INVOLVEMENT OF PATIENTS AND FAMILIES

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|---|---|
| 5.1 Patient and public involvement and engagement | Involvement of patients and the public in research. |
| 5.2 Co-design and co-production | Partnership with stakeholders throughout the design and development process. |
| 5.3 Dissemination and public awareness | Dissemination and increasing awareness of commercially available medical technology to patients and the public. |
| 5.4 Equality, Diversity and Inclusion | Providing access to equal opportunities, valuing the different expertise found in different groups, and creating safe environments for participation for all. |

6 LOW COST, HIGH IMPACT

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| 6.1 Sustainability | Environmental, economic and societal sustainability issues in Child Health Technology. |
| 6.2 Frugal innovation | Innovations that reduce the complexity and cost of a product. |
| 6.3 Frugal production | Manufacturing processes that reduce the complexity and cost of production. |
| 6.4 Extending the reach of innovation to excluded contexts | Child Health Technology developed with consideration of underserved and excluded communities. |
| 6.5 Other applications of 'low cost, high impact' approach | Other Child Health Technologies that take a 'low cost, high impact' approach. |

CATEGORY

DESCRIPTION

7 THE ROAD TO COMMERCIALISATION

7.1 Regulation

Guidance, governance and management to meet the specific needs of children and young people's health technologies.

7.2 Establishing networks and collaborations

Using collaborative approaches to bridge the gap between 'invention' and 'implementation.'

7.3 Quantifying impact & Health Economics

Methods of capturing and communicating the multi-faceted and longitudinal impacts of innovation in Child Health Technology.

7.4 Pathways to commercialisation

Navigating the challenges and milestones on the road to commercialisation.

8 DATA SOS (STRENGTHS, OPPORTUNITIES AND SOLUTIONS)

8.1 Big Data

Large and complex data sets analysed computationally to reveal patterns, trends, and associations.

8.2 Health Informatics

Information technology systems used to collect, store, manage, and organise clinical, nonclinical, and administrative data.

8.3 Risks and rewards of data analytics

The challenges and potential impacts of data analytics in Child Health.

8.4 Data-led innovation

Innovation in Child Health taking an evidence-based, data informed approach.

9 OTHER

9.1 Other (please specify)

Technology for child health and paediatrics that falls outside categories 1-8.